C. Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion
(Excerpt from the Pastoral Manual of the Diocese of Austin, July 28, 2017, pages M-8 to M-10 and M-32)
They serve under the jurisdiction of the Bishop (request, approval, mandate, training, catechesis, deputation, etc.).

1. Extraordinary ministers of holy Communion may be designated to distribute holy Communion at Mass or to bring Communion to those confined to hospitals, institutions, or their own homes.

2. It is especially desirable that extraordinary ministers of holy Communion take the Eucharist from Mass on Sundays and holy days, as an extension of the community liturgy, and bring it to those confined at home.

3. No one can begin this ministry without instruction, careful practical training by the local priests, the Bishop's mandate, and a parish deputation ceremony at Mass.

4. Patients, staff of institutions, and families of the homebound must receive a careful explanation before distribution. This includes:
   a. Emphasis on the authorization by the Holy Father and the Bishop
   b. Distinction between holy orders (consecration of the Eucharist) and lay ministry (distribution of the holy Communion)
   c. Explanation of the extension of the liturgy from the community to the patients
   d. Description of the ritual
   e. Arrangements for place, time, assembly of patients, bedside arrangements, etc.
   f. Assurance of regular pastoral visitation and availability of a priest
   g. Introduction of the extraordinary ministers of holy Communion to staff and patients by the local priest before initiation of the program
   h. An explanation to the families of institutional patients, where possible.

5. Application for a mandate is made in writing by the local priest to the Bishop, stating the education the candidates have received, their readiness for this ministry, and the name of each candidate. See the form on page M-32 (below).

6. The candidates must be fully initiated in the Church, persons of genuine Eucharistic faith, living exemplary Catholic lives, and have sound psychological maturity. The person must have no impediment to sacramental reception. Great care is needed in this selection and should involve the opinions of priests and laity. The candidates may be men or women, laity or religious. Youth may be designated as Communion ministers at the discretion of the pastor.
7. It must be kept in mind that extraordinary ministers of holy Communion are mandated for Mass only for genuine need due to the lack of ordinary ministers (priests and deacons) and great numbers of communicants.

8. The mandate is given to a specific person and for a specific place and time. In any case, the mandate terminates if the minister moves, or at the discretion of the Bishop and the local priests. It is given only as long as the spiritual good of the faithful is served and where general necessity perdures.

   a. After expiration of the mandate, re-application is required if the person is to continue in this service.

9. Norms for determining need, selecting, training, and mandating extraordinary ministers of holy Communion in the diocese may be obtained by contacting the diocesan Worship Office.

10. Any training of extraordinary ministers of holy Communion must include catechesis on:

   a. The ecclesial nature of the Eucharist as the common possession of the whole Church

   b. The Eucharist as the memorial of Christ's sacrifice, his death and resurrection, and as the Sacred Banquet

   c. The Real Presence of Christ in the Eucharistic elements, whole and entire, in each element of bread and wine (the doctrine of concomitance)

   d. The kinds of reverence due at all times to the sacrament, whether within the Eucharistic liturgy or outside the celebration

   e. Directives of the General Instruction of the Roman Missal and the Norms for the Distribution of Communion Under Both Kinds in the Dioceses of the United States

11. Specific directives regarding extraordinary ministers of holy Communion

   a. Extraordinary ministers of holy Communion do not communicate themselves when they assist the priest at Mass.

      i. After the priest has received Communion in the usual way, the ministers receive the Host from the priest.

      ii. As ministers exercising their office, they should receive Communion under both kinds.

      iii. The priest or deacon offers the chalice to the extraordinary minister. The minister then receives a chalice or ciborium from the priest or deacon and distributes to the faithful with the words “The Body of Christ” or “The Blood of Christ.” No other words are to be used (GIRM 161, 286).

   b. Extraordinary ministers of holy Communion fulfill their function in a Mass only when there is not a sufficient number of ordinary ministers present. “The Pontifical Commission indicated that when ordinary ministers (bishop, priest, or deacon) are present at the Eucharist, whether they are celebrating or not, and are in sufficient number and are not prevented from doing so by other ministries, the extraordinary ministers of the Eucharist are not allowed to distribute Communion either to themselves or to the faithful” (Apostolic Pro-Nuncio Letter, 11/21, 1987).
c. Extraordinary ministers of holy Communion should be appropriately dressed when distributing Communion during the liturgy.

d. In bringing Communion to the sick or home-bound, the Body of Christ (Host) is to be placed in a pyx. It is not to be carried in a handkerchief or any other receptacle.

   i. If extraordinary ministers of holy Communion accept the Host for the sick during Communion time, they are to go immediately to the sick at the conclusion of Mass.

   ii. It is not respectful or proper for a minister to have the Sacred Host with him or her while visiting after Mass with other parishioners.

e. If for any reason a sick person is not able to consume the Host immediately, it is to be returned to the tabernacle. It is gross negligence to leave the Host in a room for the sick person to receive at a later time.

f. For no reason should any extraordinary minister of holy Communion carry the Host around while shopping or engaged in any other activity, nor should it be kept in one's home or vehicle overnight.

   i. Hosts are to be brought to the sick immediately.

   ii. Hosts that are not consumed by the recipient are to be returned to the tabernacle immediately or, if distance or other circumstances prevent, the Host may be consumed by the minister.

g. The extraordinary ministers of holy Communion cannot give a liturgical blessing to those who do not receive holy Communion.
EXTRAORDINARY MINISTERS OF HOLY COMMUNION

The people listed below are recommended to be commissioned for a two-year period as Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion at mass and/or for Visitation of the Sick. They have received sufficient preparation for this ministry. After their commissioning, these ministers will distribute Holy Communion at Mass or bring Communion to the sick as indicated below.

PARISH: ________________________________
PARISH CONTACT PHONE: ________________________________
PASTOR: ________________________________
PASTOR’S SIGNATURE: ________________________________
DATE: ________________________________

Please indicate Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion at Mass (M) or to the Sick (S) or both by checking the proper column after their name. Also indicate EIM compliance by filling in dates requested (must be within the last three years). Ministers must remain EIM compliant throughout service in ministry.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Mass</th>
<th>Sick</th>
<th>Date of Most Recent Background Check</th>
<th>Date of Most Recent EIM Workshop</th>
<th>Check if minister is under age 18</th>
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* If new applicant who has not yet completed a workshop, indicate date the applicant is registered to attend one (must be no later than 60 days after filing EIM application).
** Must become compliant (EIM application and workshop) upon turning 18 years old.